

Amendments to the Specification:

Please replace Table 3 on pages 25 - 26 with the following amended Table 3:

Table 3

Peak Angle α (degrees)	Incidence Angle β (degrees)	Refraction Angle γ (degrees)	Emission Angle θ_{out} (degrees)
140°	20°	6.82°12.34°	12.34°7.66°
130°	25°	8.63°15.13°	15.13°9.68°
125°	27.5°	9.57°16.77°	16.77°10.73°
122°	29°	10.14°17.63°	17.63°11.36°
120°	30°	10.52°18.21°	18.21°11.79°
117°	31.5°	11.11°19.06°	19.06°12.44°
115°	32.5°	11.51°19.62°	19.62°12.88°
111°	34.5°	12.31°20.73°	20.73°13.77°
110°	35°	12.51°21.00°	21.00°13.99°
105°	37.5°	13.55°22.36°	22.36°15.14°
103°	38.5°	13.97°22.89°	22.89°15.60°
101°	39.5°	14.40°23.42°	23.42°16.07°
100°	40°	14.62°23.68°	23.68°16.31°
98°	41°	15.06°24.20°	24.20°16.79°
97°	41.5°	15.28°24.46°	24.46°17.03°
96°	42°	15.50°24.72°	24.72°17.28°
90°	45°	16.87°26.23°	26.23°18.77°
89°	45.5°	17.10°26.47°	26.47°19.03°
88°	46°	17.34°26.71°	26.71°19.28°
85°	47.5°	18.05°27.44°	27.44°20.06°
80°	50°	19.28°28.60°	28.60°21.39°
79°	50.5°	19.53°28.83°	28.83°21.67°

Please replace the paragraph on page 26, lines 5 - 10 with the following amended paragraph:

For example, when the peak angle α is 110°, the incidence angle β is calculated as 35° from Equation 1, and then the refraction angle γ is calculated as 21° from Equation 2 (here, $n_p = \{[1.5] \} 1.6$). Using the values of the incidence and refraction angles β and γ , the emission angle θ_{out} may be obtained as 14° from Equation 3. As the emission angle θ_{out} is closer to zero, the front luminance is more improved. Also, the front luminance decreases as the emission angle θ_{out} increases.